Erosion and Sediment Control Plan for a Timber Harvesting Operation

					سامام واست	21011
1.	GENERAL INFOR	MATION		-		
4					Dat	е
A.	Location					
-					County	′
В.	Timber sale area =	acres				
C.	Landowner					
		Name		Home	Phone	Work Phone
		Street Address				
City		State	Zip Code		Signature of La	ndowner
D.	Person(s) responsible for (NOTE: If duties are ass	r construction and maintenance of erc igned to more than one party, list all c	osion and sediment con others under Section 12	trol BMPs during of this plan.)	earth disturbance ad	ctivities.
3 		Name		Home F	Рhопе	Work Phon
		Street Address		_		
City		State	Zip Code		Signature of person(s) responsible
E.	Erosion and Sediment Co	ontrol Plan prepared by:				•
		Name		_ Phone		
		Street Address		-		
City		State	Zip Code		Signature (D)	
2.	TOPOGRAPHICAL	BAAD			Signature of Plan	Preparer
The rand of the property Enlar	map must include the loca other identifiable landmark roject site and the immedi gements of the USGS qua	ation of the project with respect to roas. A United States Geologic Service ate surrounding area. The map scale adrangle map are sufficient.	site must be large eno	ugh to clearly de	o show the existing to pict the topographica	and extent of vegetation oppographical features of the project of
The s	scale and north arrow mus	t be plainly marked. A complete lege	nd of all symbols used	on the map must	also be included.	
	SOIL MAP					
Soils	information is available in	n soil survey reports, published by t re and others. These reports are avai	he USDA Natural Residual Resid	ource Conservati	on Service in coope	eration with Penn Stat
The s	soils drainage classes mu mine proper retirement tre	ist be examined to determine areas	with the best drainage	e for the placeme	ent of haul roads ar	nd log landings, and t
Provid	de the following soils inform	nation for all disturbed areas.				
				That May App	niting Characterist ly to Timber Harves heck as Appropria	sting Activities
Ma	ap Symbols	Soil Series		Erosion H	lazards ²	
		Jon Jenes		Slight	Moderate, severe	Seasonably Wet ³
						17

¹ Soils with a moderate or severe erosion hazard or seasonably wet are poor choices for log landing and road locations, and, if possible, alternatives should be considered.

² The degree or ease by which soil particles can be detached from the soil surface. Moderate or severe ratings require additional consideration of soil erosion and sediment control BMPs during logging and road construction.

Somewhat poorly drained soils remain wet for a longer period after rain and would be susceptible to disturbance. These soils may be hydric, indicating a possible wetland. They may have to be logged during dry seasons, when the profile may be relatively dry, or when the soils are frozen. They are poor choices for log landing and road locations, and, if possible, alternate areas should be considered.

4. SKETCH MAP

The characteristics of the earth disturbance activity. The limits of the harvesting area must be shown on a map(s). Such information as the limits of clearing and grubbing and the areas of cuts and fills for roads and landings, and other proposed disturbances for the timber harvesting area are to be included. Roads, skid roads and landings located within 50 ft. of a stream bank may require a Department Chapter 105 Water Obstruction and Encroachment. The following should be clearly shown on the sketch map:

- Dimensions
- North Arrow
- Landings
- Haul Roads
- Skid Roads

- Wetland Crossings
- Stream Crossings
- Equipment Maintenance/Fueling Areas
- Existing Roads

5. RUNOFF

The amount of runoff from the timber harvest area and its upstream watershed area. You do not have to provide runoff calculations <u>unless</u> you plan to use BMPs different from those described in Section 8. If you use different BMPs, your calculations must include an analysis showing any impact that runoff may have on existing downstream watercourses and their resistance to erosion.

6. RECEIVING WATERS

All streams in Pennsylvania are classified based upon their designated and existing uses and water quality criteria. Designated uses for waters of this Commonwealth are found in 25 Pa. Code §93.9a-z at http://www.pacode.com/secure/data/025/chapter93/chap93toc.html. Existing uses of waters of this Commonwealth are found at the DEP website http://www.dep.state.pa.us. Type the phrase "existing use" in the DEP Keyword box. The county conservation district office can also supply this information. List the bodies of water likely to receive direct runoff within or from the timber harvest area.

<u>Name</u>			Designated/Existing Use					
7. ESTIMATED DIS	TURBED AREA Total Length (ft)	Average Width (ft)	1	Area (sq ft)				
Haul Roads			- =					
Skid Roads			- =					
Landings			- =					
		Total Area (sq. ft.)	=		÷ 43,560 sq ft/A	= _		sturbed by earth
If the total area of earth di and Sediment Control Pen	sturbance activities (s mit must be obtained.	um of area disturbed	by haul ro	eads, skid roads an	d landings) consists	of 25	acres or m	ore, an Erosion
Has application been made	e for required stream of	rossing permits?	Yes [] No □	Not Applicable			
At all stream crossing loca	ations runoff must be	directed to a sedimer	nt remova	l area, i.e., filter str	ip, straw bale, silt fe	nce,	sump, a tra	p for treatment.

At all stream crossing locations, runoff must be directed to a sediment removal area, i.e., filter strip, straw bale, slit fence, sump, a trap for treatment Waterbars and/or broad based dips should be installed and maintained as required on the approaches to the stream crossing.

8. DESCRIPTION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

The following standard BMP drawings and recommended spacings (Sections A-H) have been provided to fulfill the requirements of this plan. If you plan to use any of these recommended BMPs, please check the appropriate boxes for Sections A through H. If you plan to use alternative BMPs, you must provide drawings showing the details, specifications and spacing.

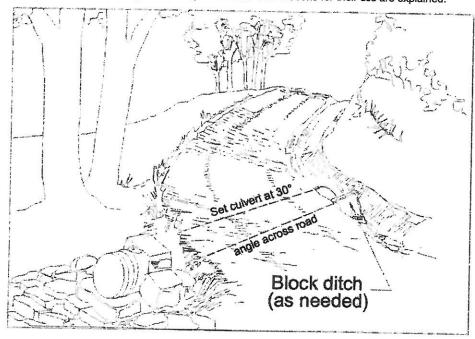
A. Cross-drain culvert

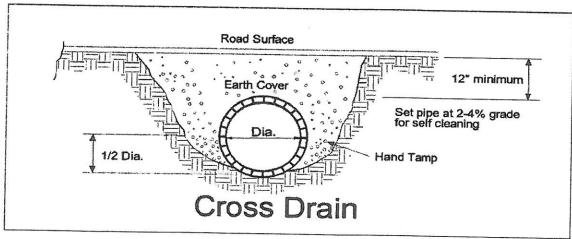
Culverts will be installed before the ground freezes. Culverts shall be placed with a slope of 2 to 4 percent and cross the road at a 30-degree downslope angle. Recommend 12" pipe or larger culverts. Will this BMP be used?

Yes No Will recommended spacing be used?
Yes No

Road Grade (% Slope)	Recommended Spacing (feet)	Alternative Spacing* (feet)
2	500	
3	400	
4	350	
5-6	300	
7-8	250	
9-11	200	
12-13	150	-
14+	100	

*If alternative spacings are used, please make sure reasons for their use are explained.





B. Waterbars

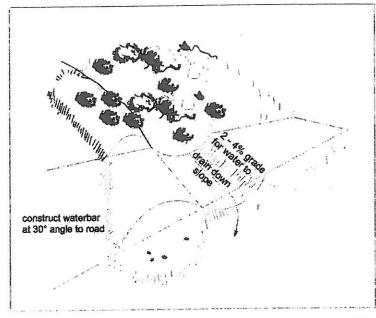
Waterbars on skid roads will be maintained throughout the entire job and installed permanently upon job completion.

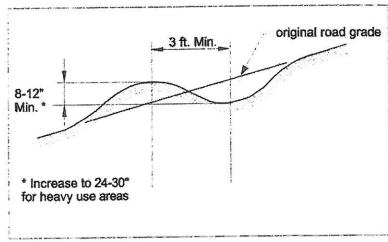
Waterbars will be installed before the ground freezes and will be spaced as indicated below.

Will this BMP be used? ☐ Yes ☐ No Will recommended spacing be used? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Road Grade (% Slope)	Recommended Spacing (feet)	Alternative Spacing* (feet)
2	250	
5	135	p
10	80	
15	60	
20	45	
25	40	
30	35	
40	30	<u> </u>

*If longer spacings are used, please make sure reasons for their use are explained.





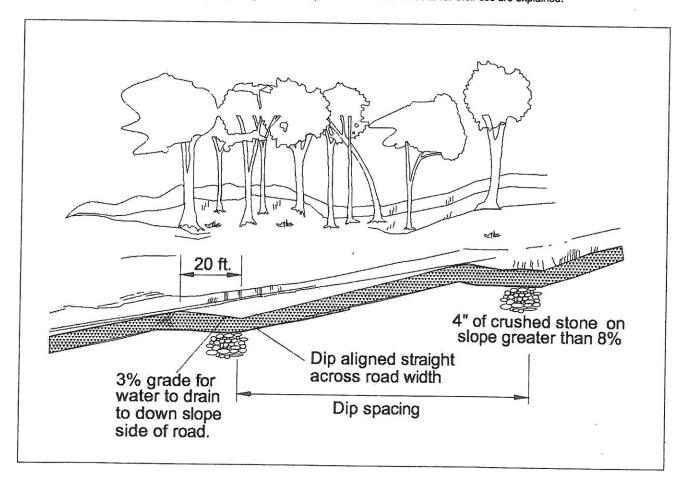
C. Broad-based dips

Broad-based dips will be installed and worked before the ground freezes. Broad-based dips on the road system are planned to be spaced as indicated below.

Will this BMP be used? \square Yes \square No Will recommended spacing be used? \square Yes \square No

Road Grade (% Slope)	Recommended Spacing (feet)	Alternative Spacing* (feet)		
2	300			
3	250			
4	200			
5	180			
6	170			
7	160			
8	150			
9-10	140			

^{*}If longer spacings are used, please make sure reasons for their use are explained.

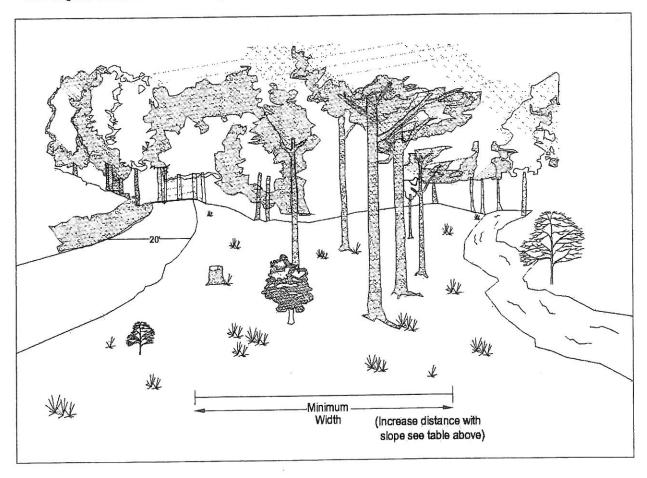


D. Filter strips

Filter strip widths by slope on land between roads and perennial streams. The width of the filter strip depends on the slope between the road and the stream.

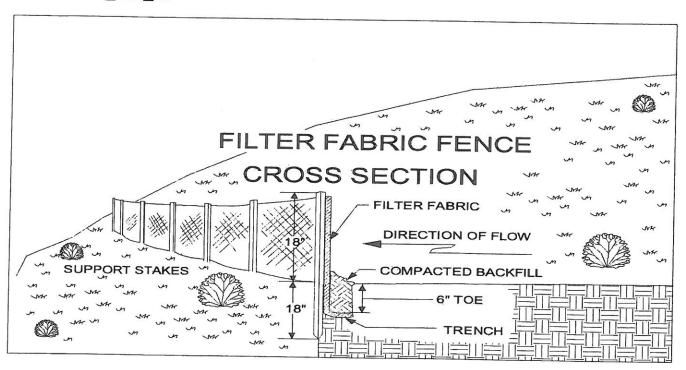
Slope of Land Between Road and Stream (%)	Minimum width of Filter Strip (feet) +		
0	25++		
10	25++ 45++		
20	65		
30	. 85		
40	105		
50	125		
60	145		
70	165		

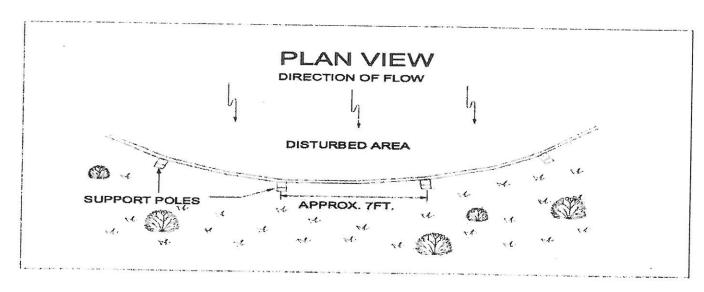
- Widths should be doubled when the harvesting activity is located where receiving waters have a designated use/existing use
 of High Quality or Exceptional Value or within a municipal water supply, source water area.
- ++ Earth disturbance 50 feet or less from a stream requires a water obstruction and encroachment permit from the appropriate DEP Regional Office, Soils and Waterways Section.



E. Filter Fabric Fence

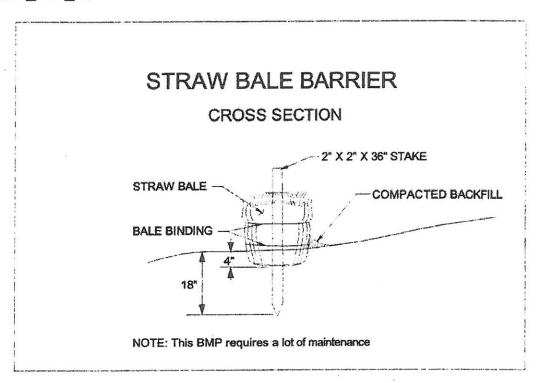
Filter fabric fence must be installed on contour at the edge of disturbed areas. Both ends of each fence section must be extended upslope at 45 degrees to the main fence alignment. They should not be installed in streams, ditches or other areas of concentrated flow. Install filter fabric fence before the ground freezes.

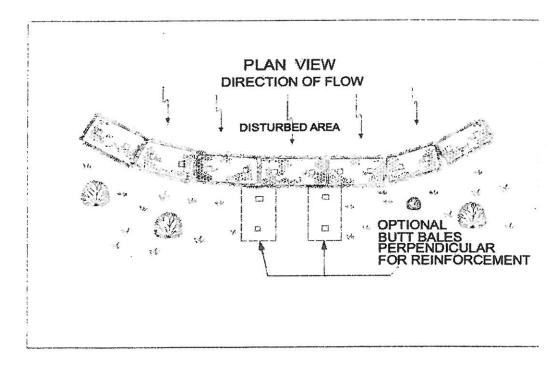




F. Straw Bale Barrier

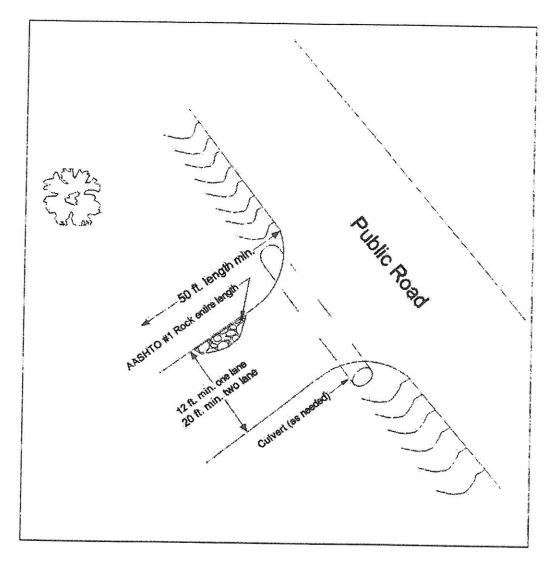
Straw bale barriers shall be placed on contour at the edge of disturbed areas. Both ends of the barrier shall be extended upslope at 45 degrees to the main barrier alignment. Straw bales deteriorate and should be replaced every 3-4 months. They should not be installed in streams, ditches or other areas of concentrated flow.

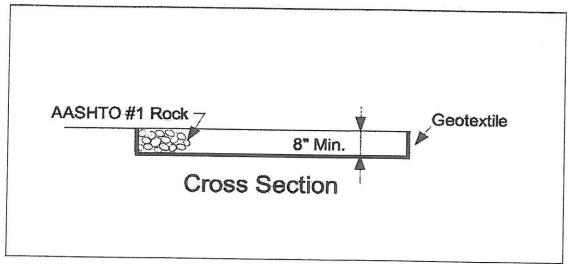




G. Stabilized Road Entrance

The purpose is to remove mud from tires and keep it off the road. Construction entrance shall be constantly maintained.





Disturbed Area Stabilization (check as appropriate) Suggested Seeding Mixes for Landings, Roads and Critical Areas Seeding4,5 Natural Vegetation5 Seeding rate Seeding rate Log Landing⁶ **Mixes** Mixes (lb/ acre) (lb/acre) Haul Roads⁶ **Permanent** Temporary a. Birdsfoot trefoil* 8 f. Spring oats 96 (3 bu) Skid Roads⁶ 3 g. Winter wheat 180 (3 bu) Redtop 30 h. Winter rye 168 (3 bu) b. Creeping red fescue Seed mix and seeding rate to be used on critical areas: 10 i. Annual rye 40 Perennial ryegrass 8 c. Birdsfoot trefoil 4 *Recommended for somewhat poor and Timothy poorly drained soils in partial shade to full d. White clover 1 sunlight. 6 Kentucky bluegrass 2 Timothy e. Annual ryegrass 10 10 Redtop Birdsfoot trefoil 5 Note: Birdsfoot trefoil and white clover seed should be properly inoculated. 9. SCHEDULE AND SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS If not, provide additional information in Section 12. Will this schedule be used? ☐ Yes ☐ No Completion Date Starting Date Necessary permits will be obtained. Erosion and sediment control BMPs will be installed as specified in this plan. Haul road, Pre-harvest: landings and skid roads will be constructed. Erosion and sediment control BMPs for haul roads, skid roads and landings shall be maintained. Tops, branches and slash will be **During harvest:** removed from ponds, lakes and streams. This plan will be amended or revised to include other BMPs for special or unanticipated circumstances that may occur. Smooth and reshape roads and landings. Remove culverts and crossings. Install permanent waterbars as specified in this plan. Post harvest: Critical areas will be seeded, fertilized, limed and mulched and garbage/trash removed from the area. 10. MAINTENANCE BMPs will be inspected on a weekly basis and after each measurable rainfall event. Culverts will be cleaned out, repaired or replaced as necessary. Filter strips will be maintained and respected (timber may be harvested in filter strips). Haul roads and skid roads will be repaired where signs of accelerated erosion are detected. Seeding and mulching will be repeated in those areas that appear to be failing or have failed. Other (describe)

Areas to be seeded may require fertilization and liming. Soil testing will provide individualized recommendations for given sites. Recommendations of 300 lbs. of 10-10-10 fertilizer per acre and 2,000 lbs. of lime per acre should be considered to ensure 70% vegetative cover. Seeded areas will be more successful when mulched with a minimum of 2.5 tons of straw or hay per acre. Describe mulching type and rate in Section 12 when used.

Stabilization of disturbed areas is important. Disturbed areas shall be protected with such BMPs as straw bale barriers, filter fences, mulch, or filter strips, waterbars and other BMPs until vegetation is established. Critical areas such as: highly erodible soils, approaches to stream crossings and landings require establishment of permanent or temporary cover to ensure that erosion does not occur.

Indicates treatments for individual landings, haul roads or sections, and skid roads identified on the map.

Des not	cribe procedures which ensure the proper handling, storage, control, disposal and recycling of timber harvesting materials and waste, including but limited to fuels, oil, lubricants and other materials brought to the timber harvest site or used in the process of timber harvesting.
	Garbage, fuels or any substance harmful to human, aquatic or fish life, will be prevented from entering springs, streams, ponds, lakes, wetlands or any water course or water body.
	Oils, fuels, lubricants and coolants will be placed in suitable containers and disposed properly.
	All trash and garbage will be collected and disposed properly.
	Other (describe).

12. ADDITIONAL EXPLANATION/COMMENTS (if needed)

11. SITE CLEANUP

g.